



Figure 1.

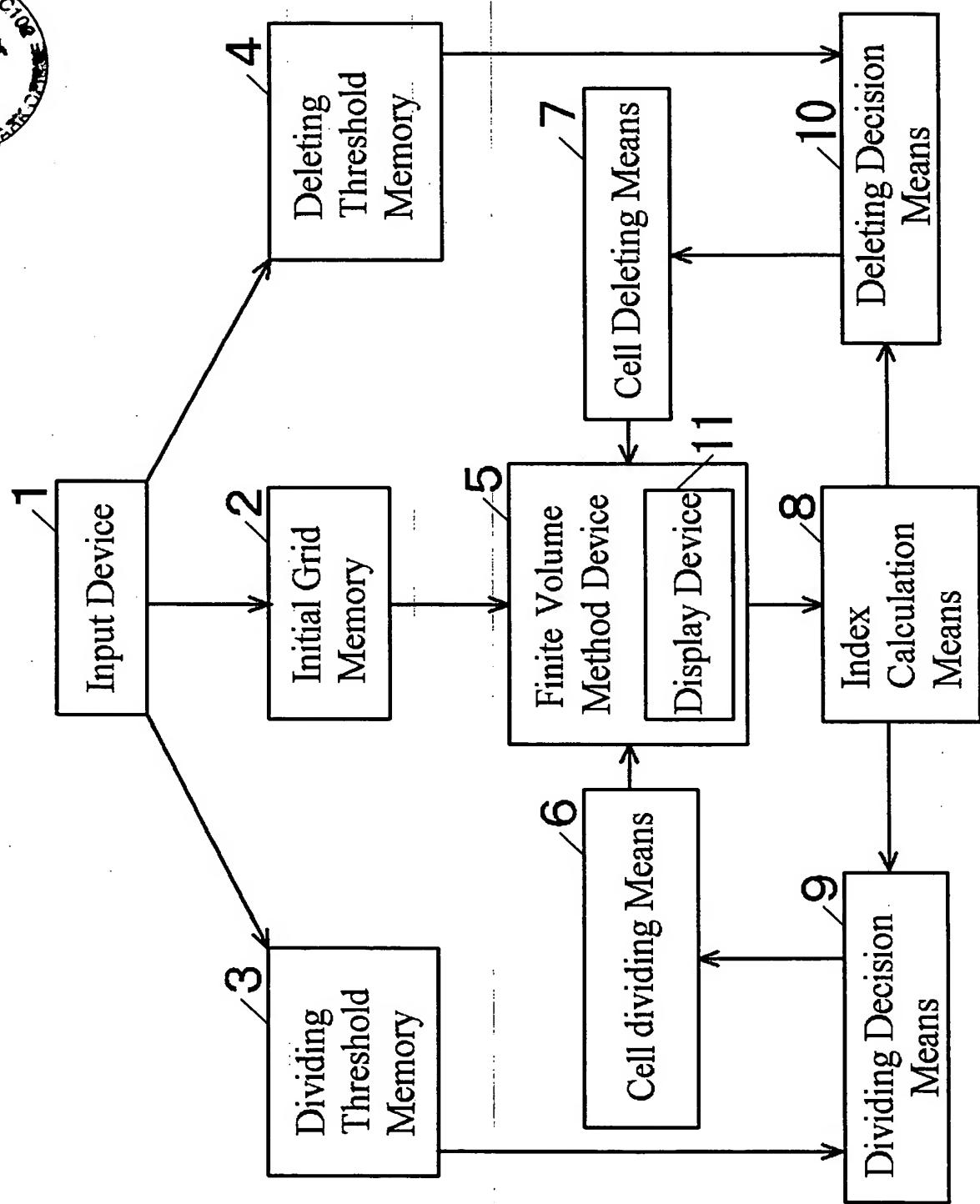


Figure 2.

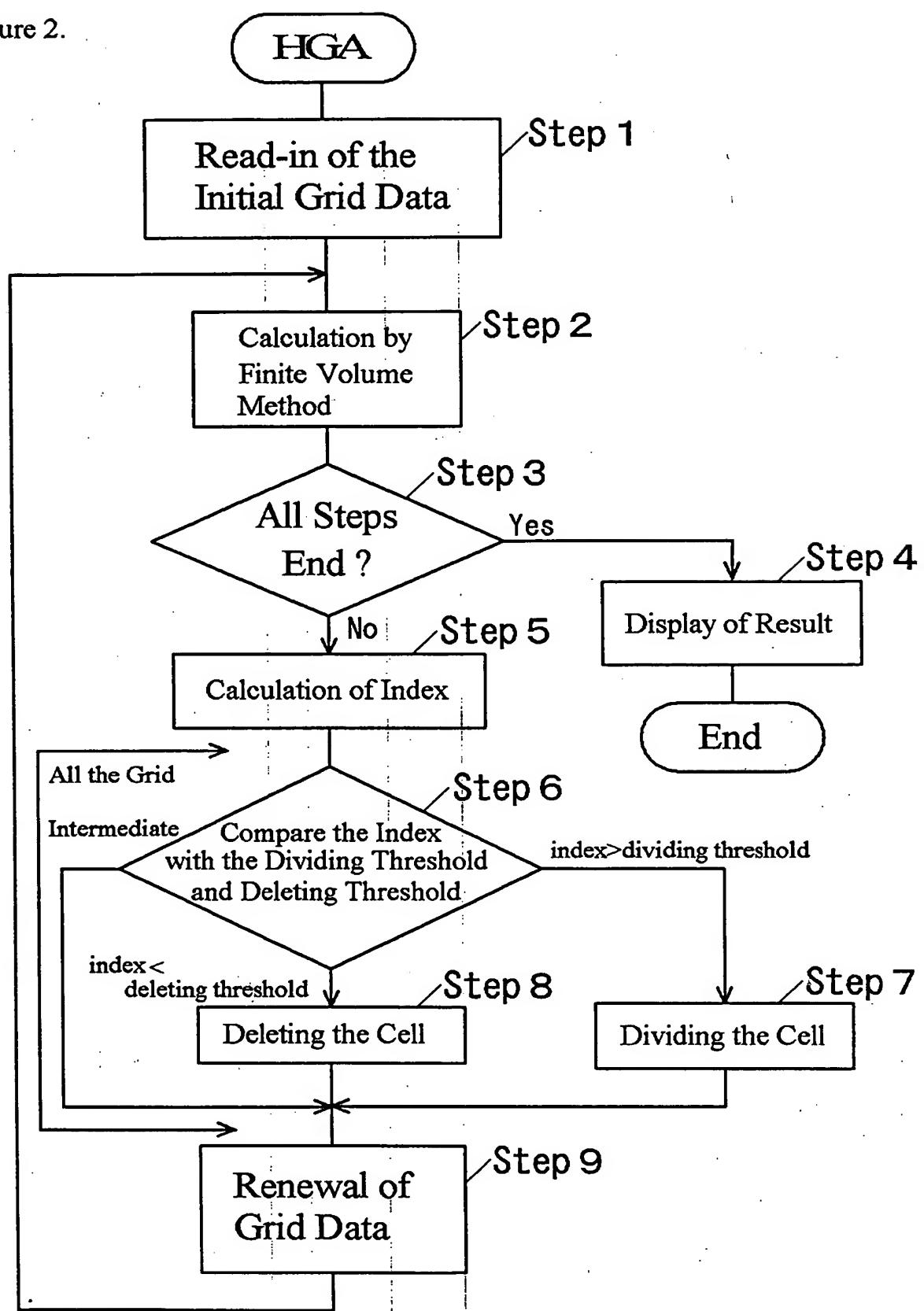
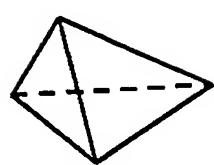
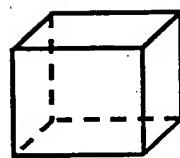
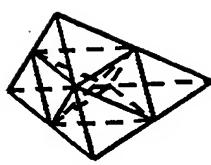


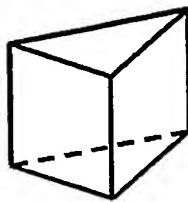
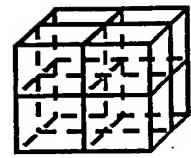
Figure 3.



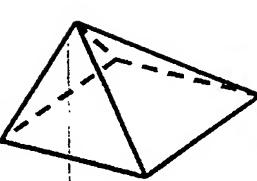
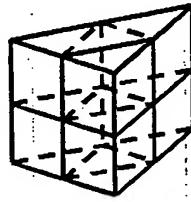
(a) Tetrahedron:8



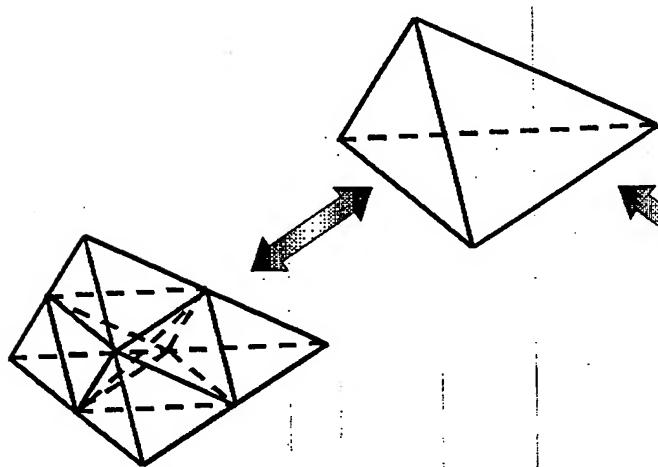
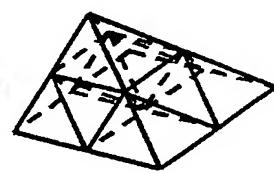
(b) Hexahedron:8



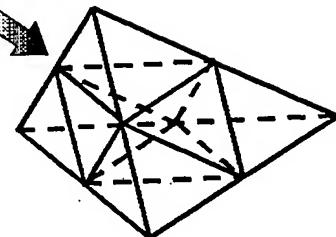
(c) Prism:8



(d) Pyramid:6, Tetrahedron:4



Tetrahedron:8
(Type 1)

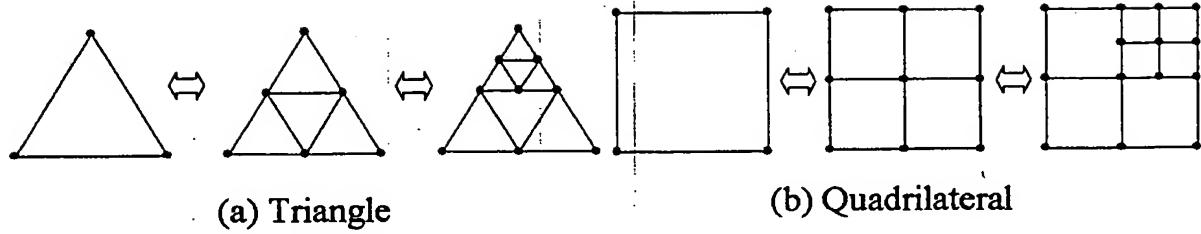


Tetrahedron:4, Pyramid:2
(Type 2)

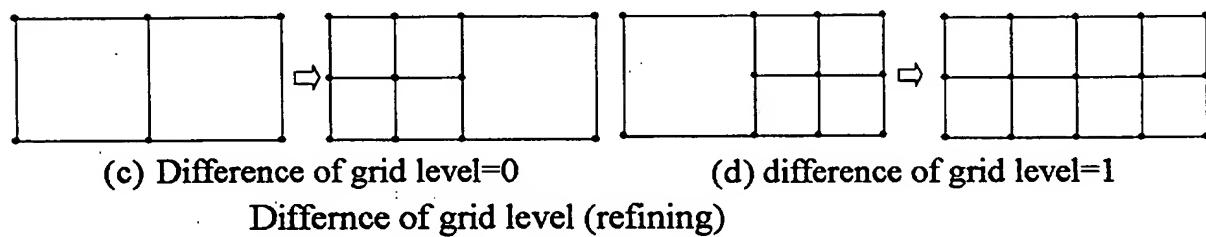
	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Tetrahedron:8 (Type 1)	1	8	64	512	4096
Tetrahedron:4 Pyramid:2 (Type 2)	1	6	44	328	2448

(e) Division by 6 of tetrahedron

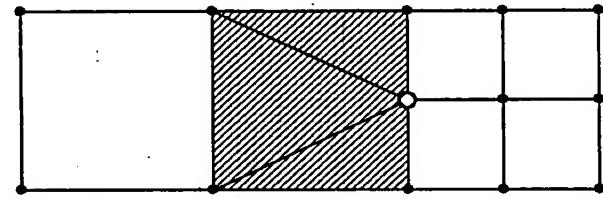
Figure 4.



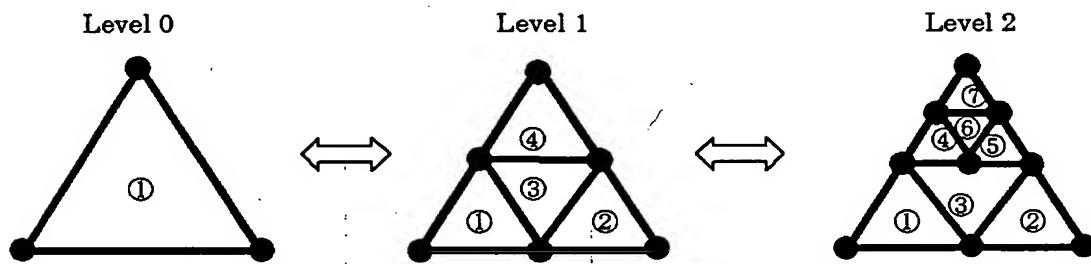
Refining and coarsening of boundary surface of grid



Difference of grid level (refining)



(e) Hanging node and Temporary grid (2D, quadrilateral grid)



$cp[1] \rightarrow parent[0] = 1$
 $cp[1] \rightarrow brother[0] = 0$

$cp[1] \rightarrow parent[1] = 1$
 $cp[1] \rightarrow brother[1] = 2$
 $cp[2] \rightarrow parent[1] = 1$
 $cp[2] \rightarrow brother[1] = 3$
 $cp[3] \rightarrow parent[1] = 1$
 $cp[3] \rightarrow brother[1] = 4$
 $cp[4] \rightarrow parent[1] = 1$
 $cp[4] \rightarrow brother[1] = 1$

$cp[4] \rightarrow parent[2] = 4$
 $cp[4] \rightarrow brother[2] = 5$
 $cp[5] \rightarrow parent[2] = 4$
 $cp[5] \rightarrow brother[2] = 6$
 $cp[6] \rightarrow parent[2] = 4$
 $cp[6] \rightarrow brother[2] = 7$
 $cp[7] \rightarrow parent[2] = 4$
 $cp[7] \rightarrow brother[2] = 4$

(f) Family Relation

Figure 5.

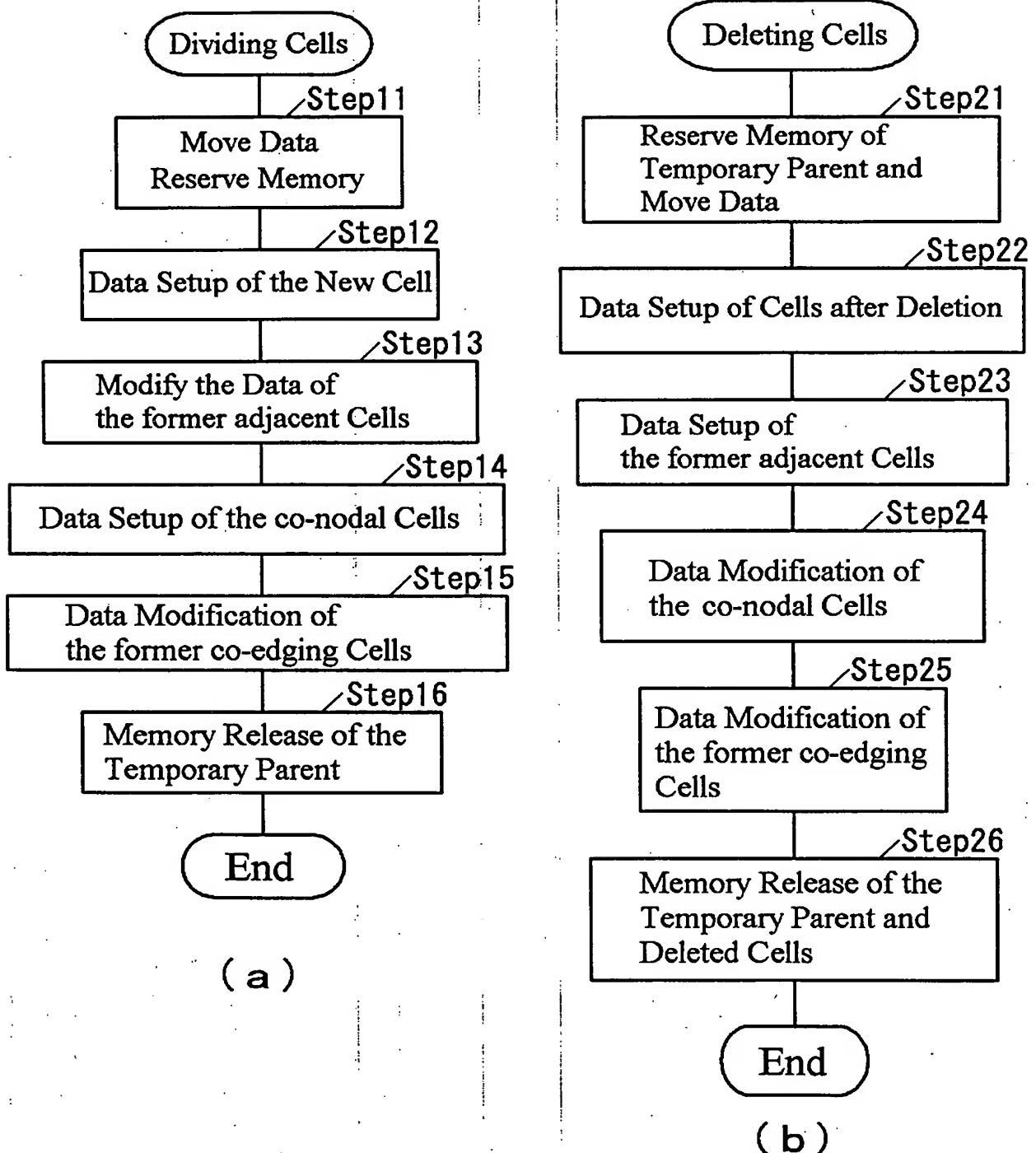
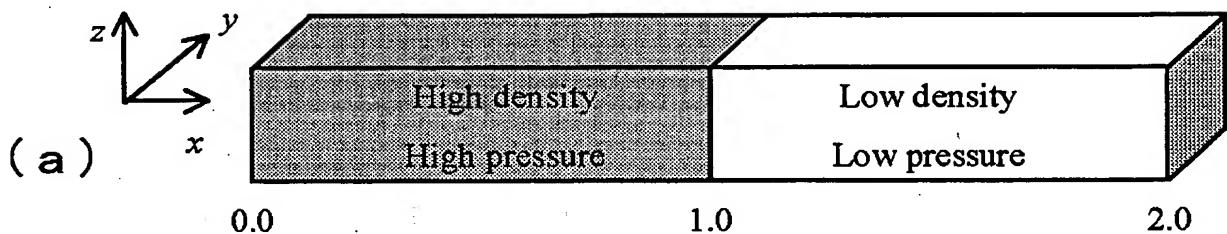
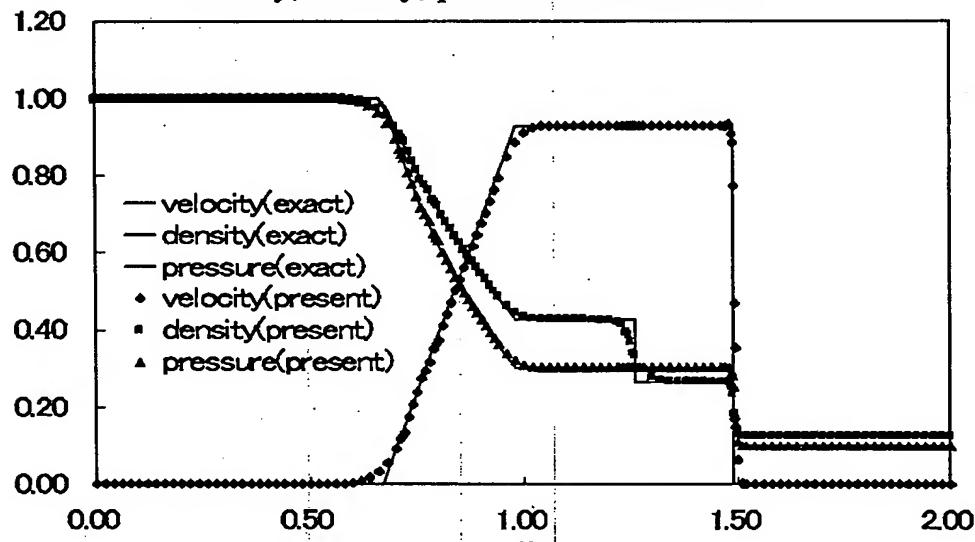


Figure 6.



Analysis domain for shock tube problem

(b) Velocity, density, pressure distributions



(c)

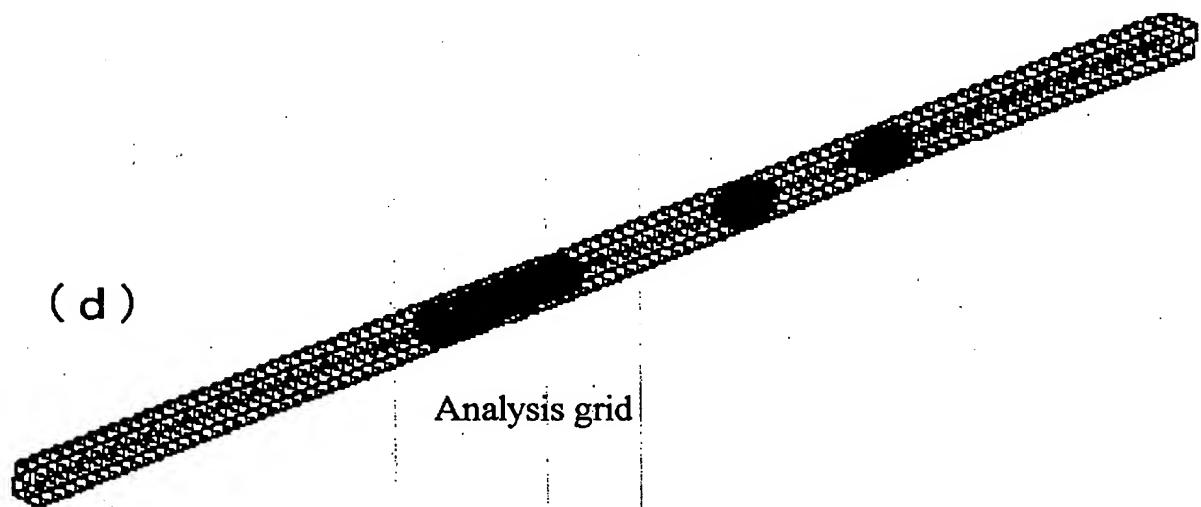


Figure 7.

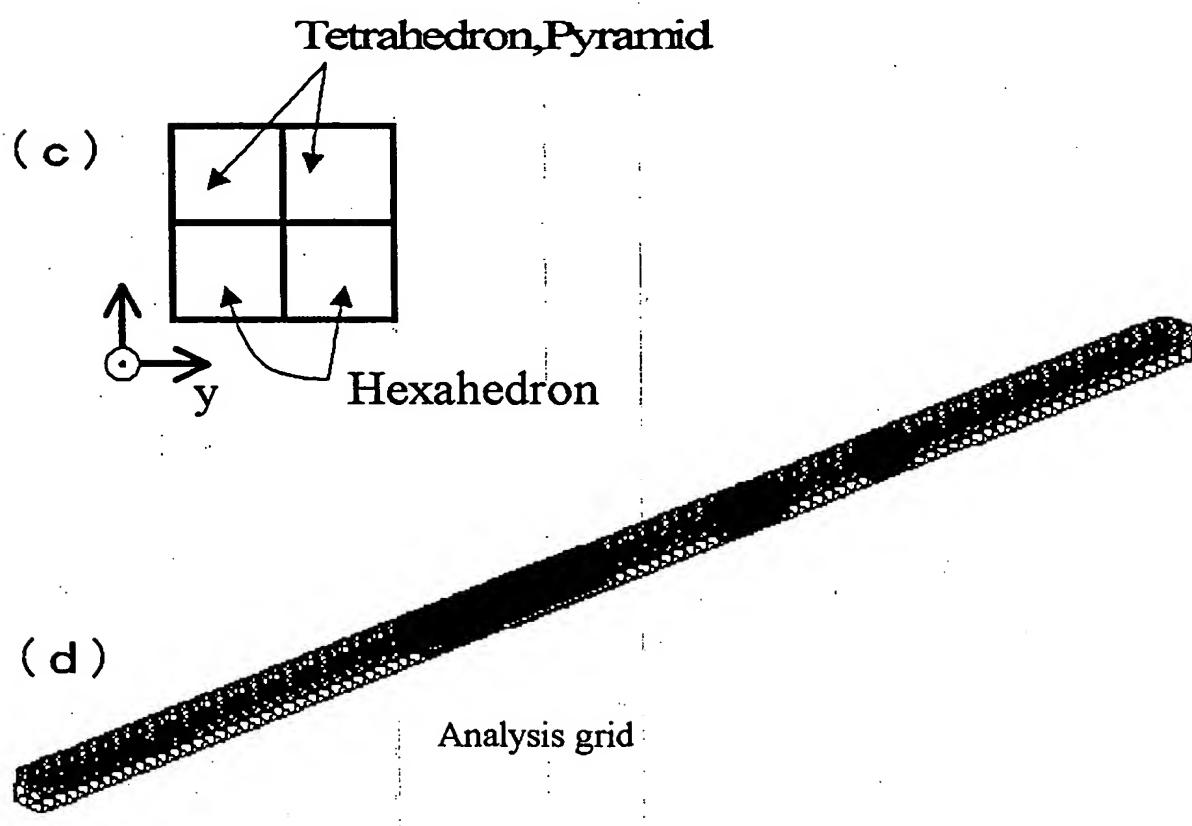
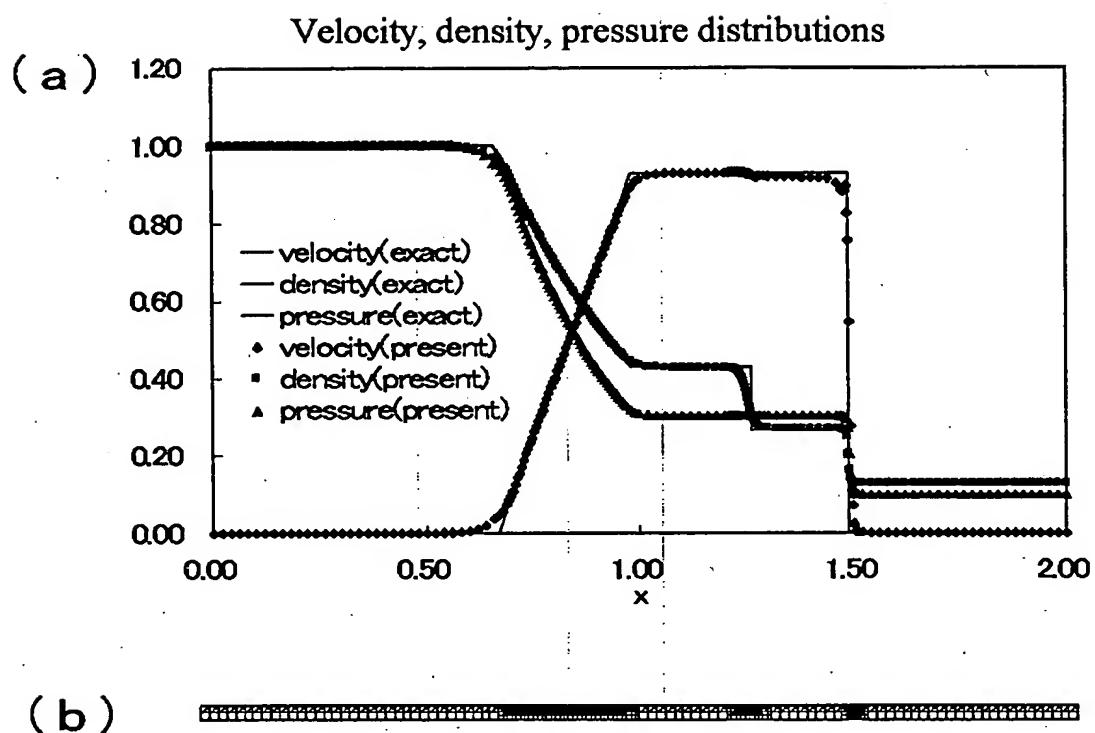
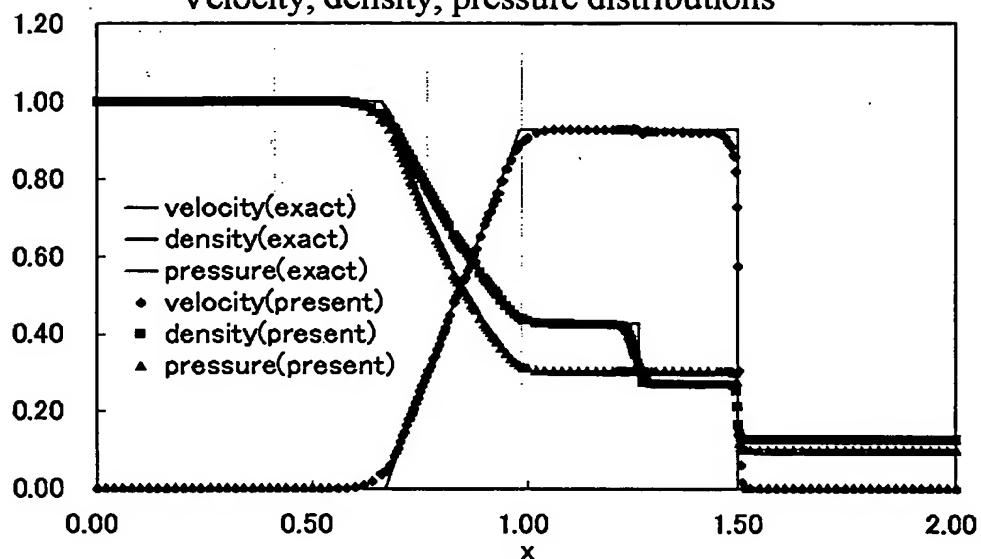


Figure 8.

Velocity, density, pressure distributions

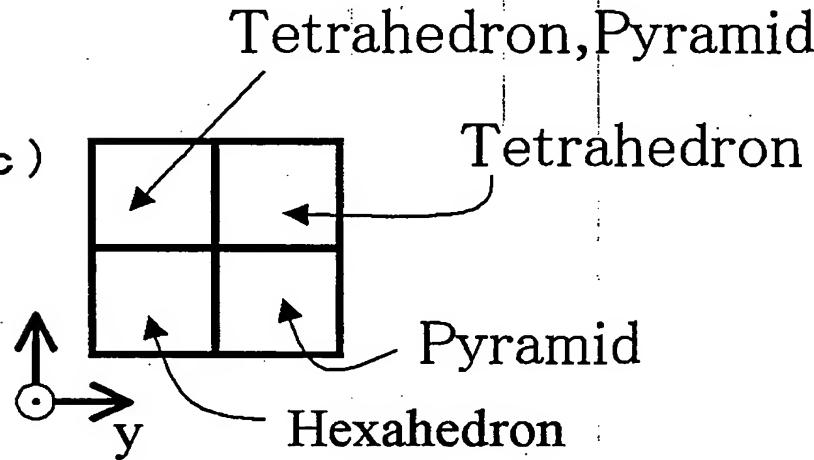
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

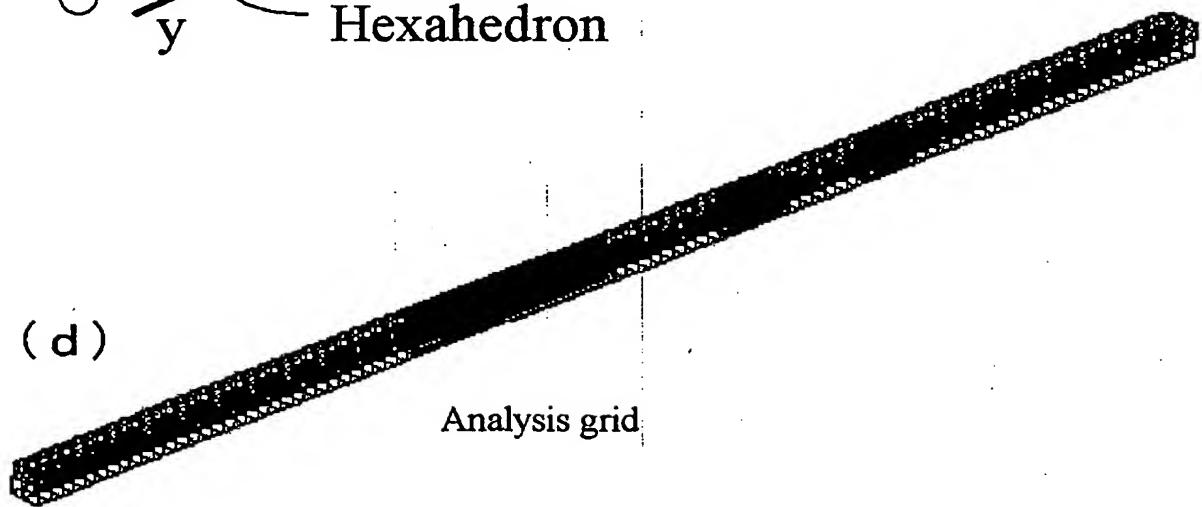


Figure 9.

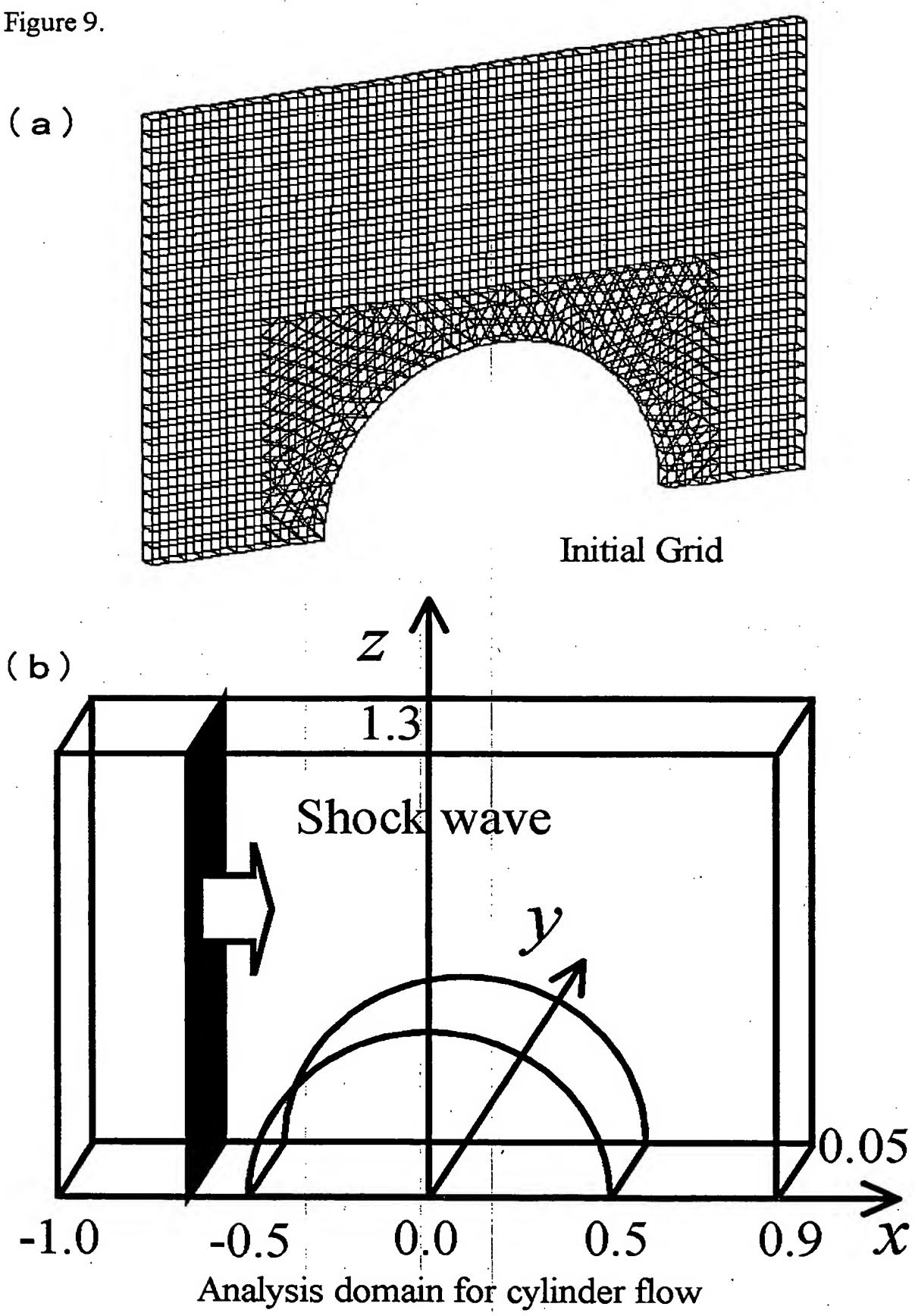


Figure 10.

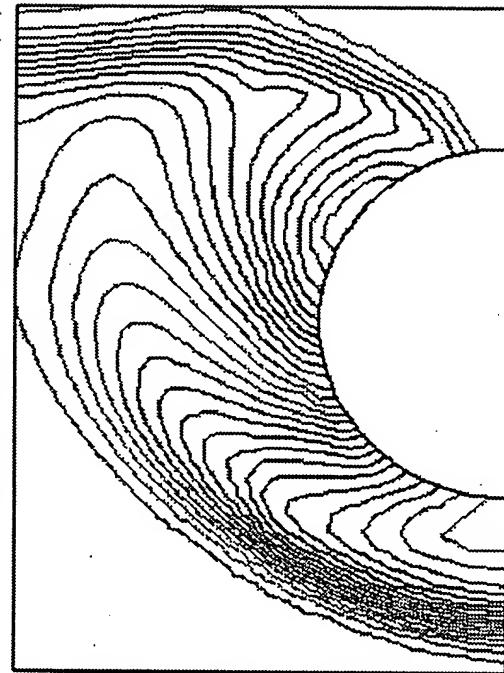
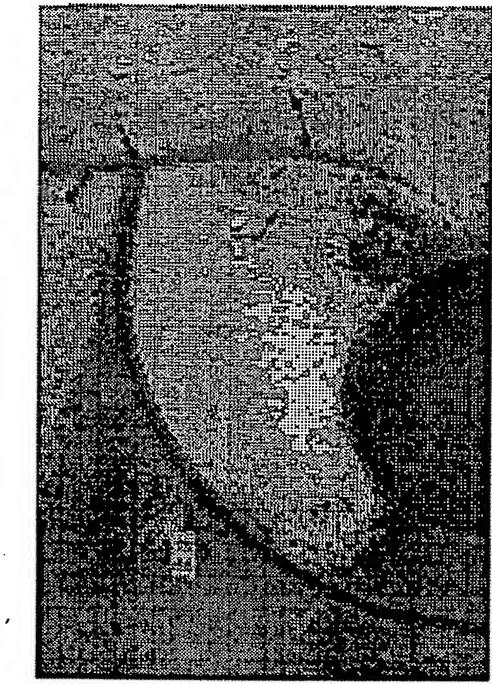
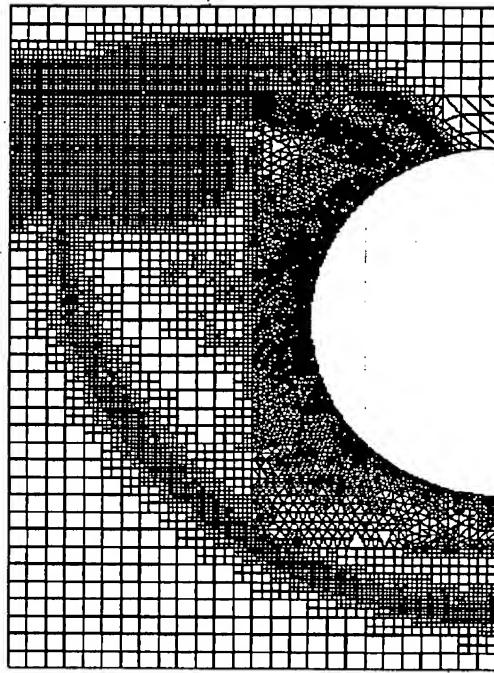
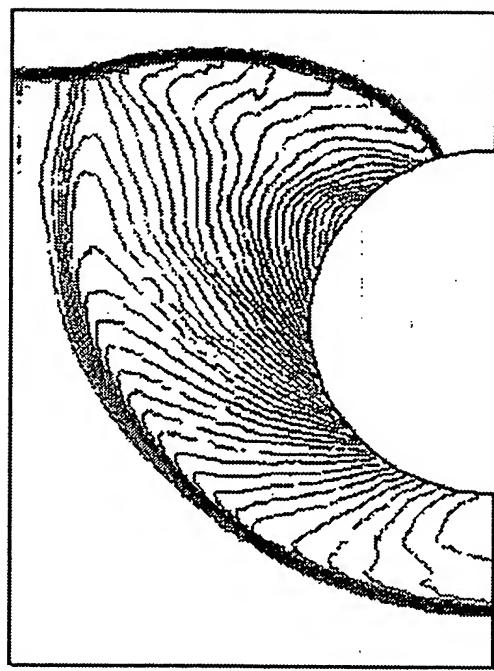
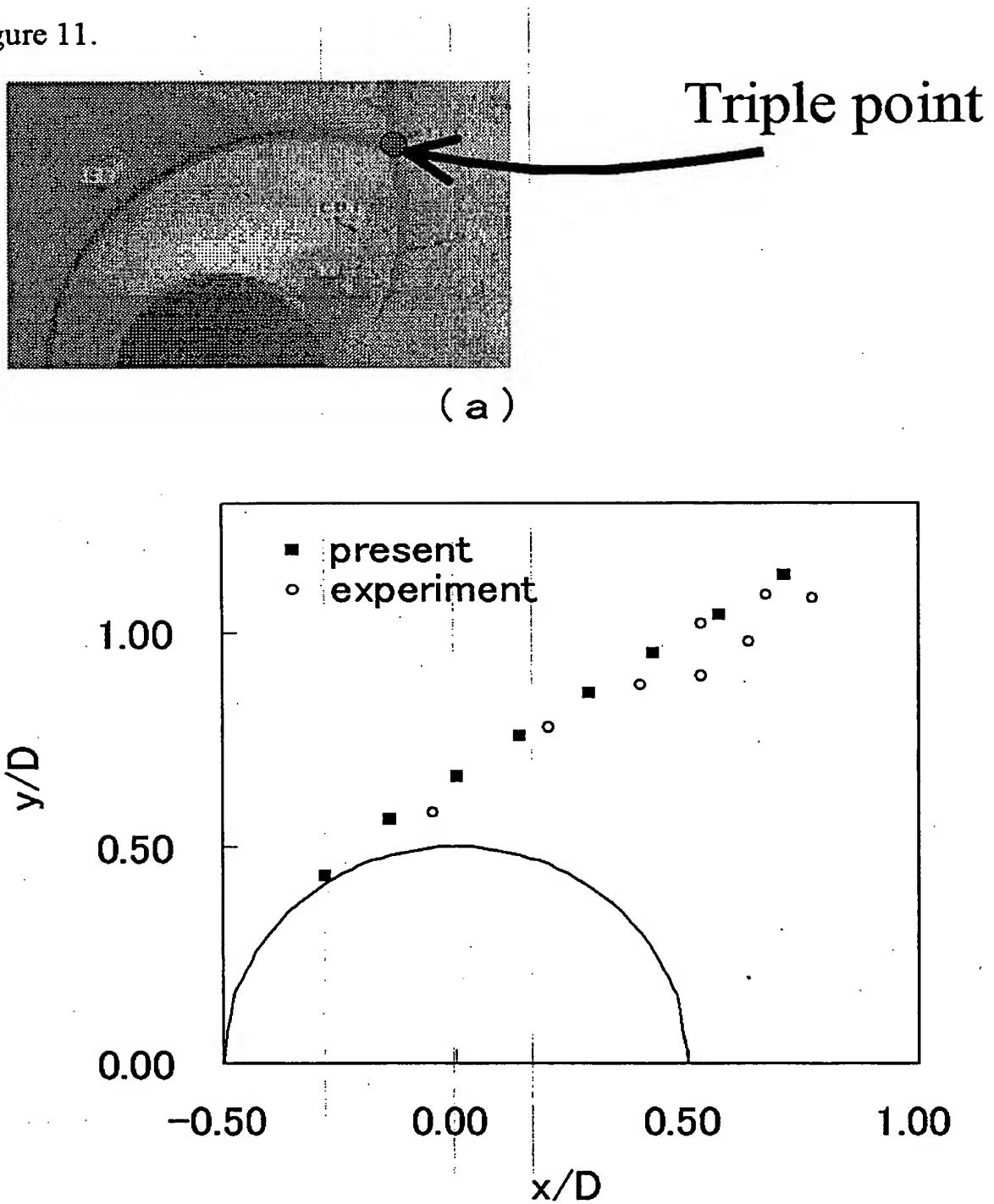


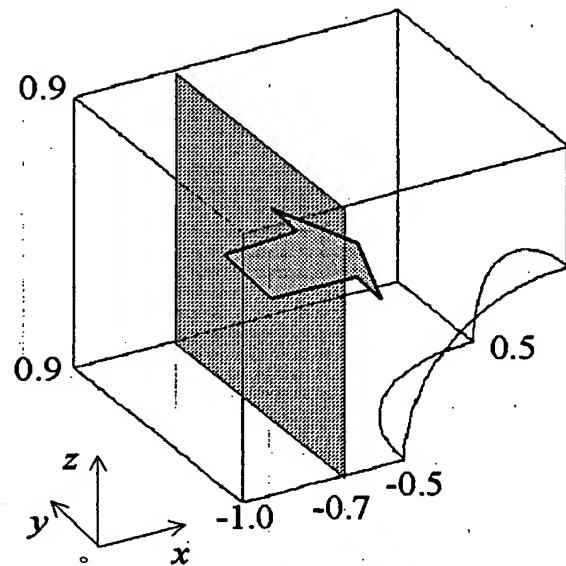
Figure 11.



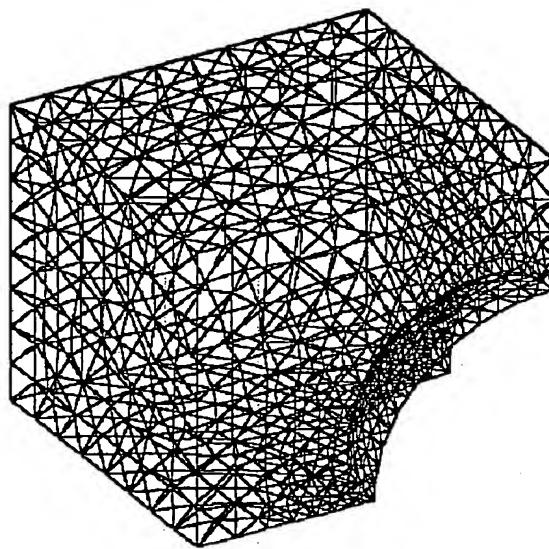
(b) Trajectories of the Mach shock triple point for cylinder flow

Figure 12.

(a)
Analysis domain
for sphere flow



(b)
Initial grid



(c)
Density contours

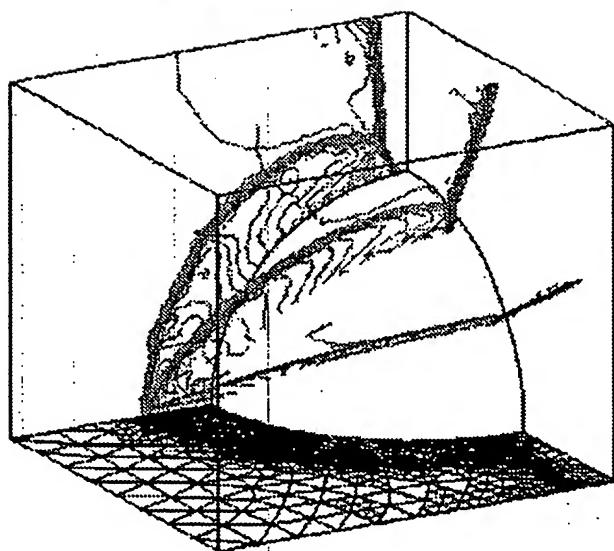
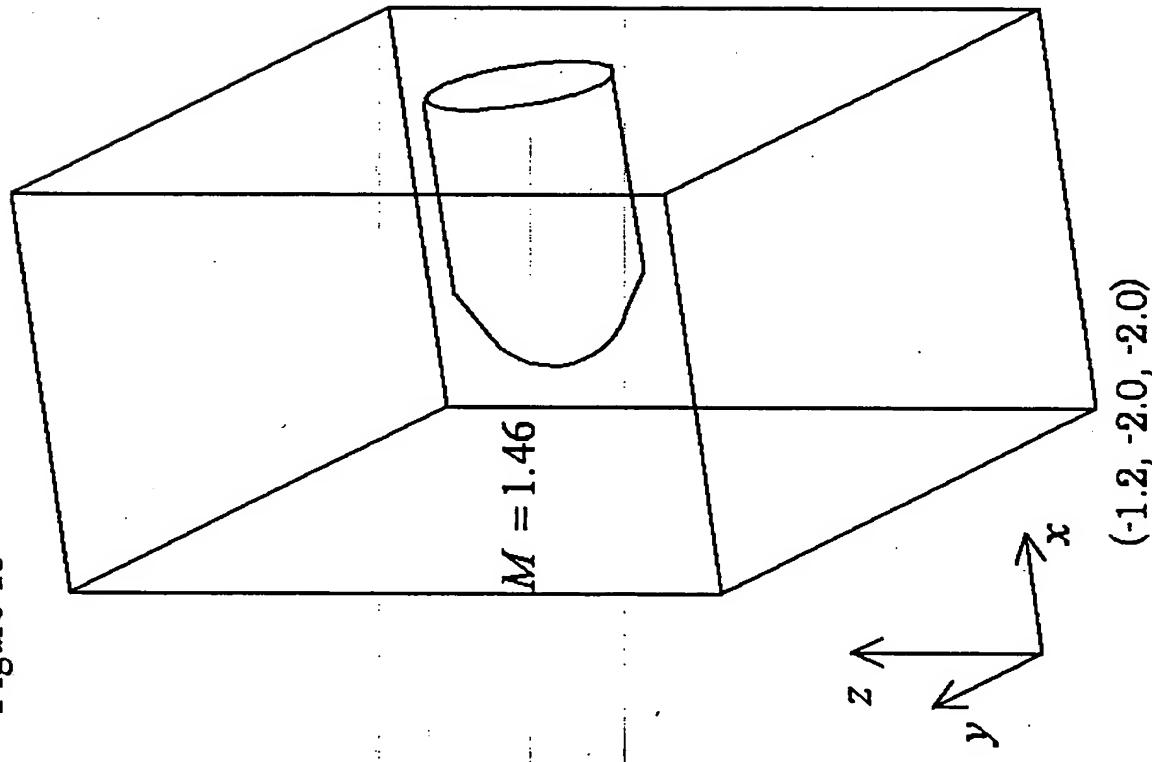
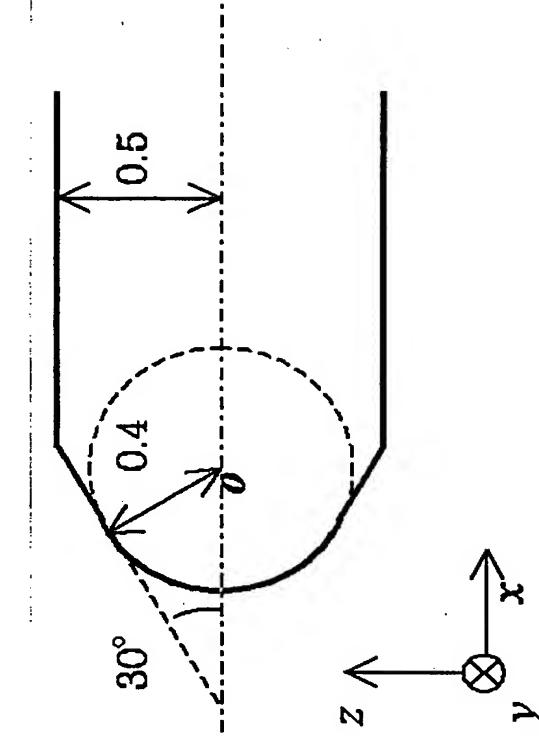


Figure 13

(1.2, 2.0, 2.0)



$\rho = 1.4, p = 1.0, u = 1.46, v = 0, w = 0$



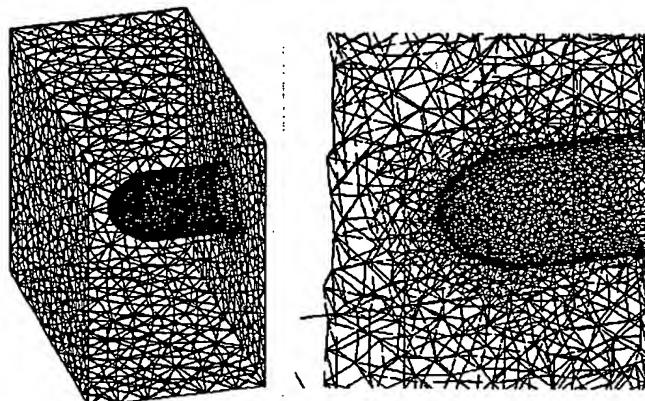
Analysis domain for Spherically blunted cone-cylinder flow

(-1.2, -2.0, -2.0)

Figure 14

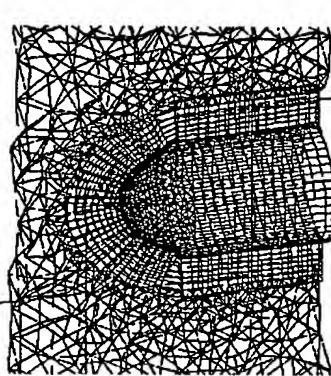
Table 1 : Analysis conditions for Spherically blunted cone-cylinder flow

	Case1	Case2
Initial grid	Tetrahedron	Hybrid
Adaptive type of Tetrahedral	Type1	Type2
Mach number	1.46	
CFL	0.5	



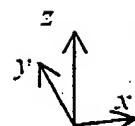
(a) Tetrahedral grid

Tetrahedral grid
38673 cells
7687 nodes



(b) Hybrid grid

Hybrid grid
49839 cells
Tetrahedron: 35239
Pyramid: 616
Prism: 9056
Hexahedron: 4928
16741 nodes



Initial grids for Spherically blunted cone-cylinder flow

Figure 15

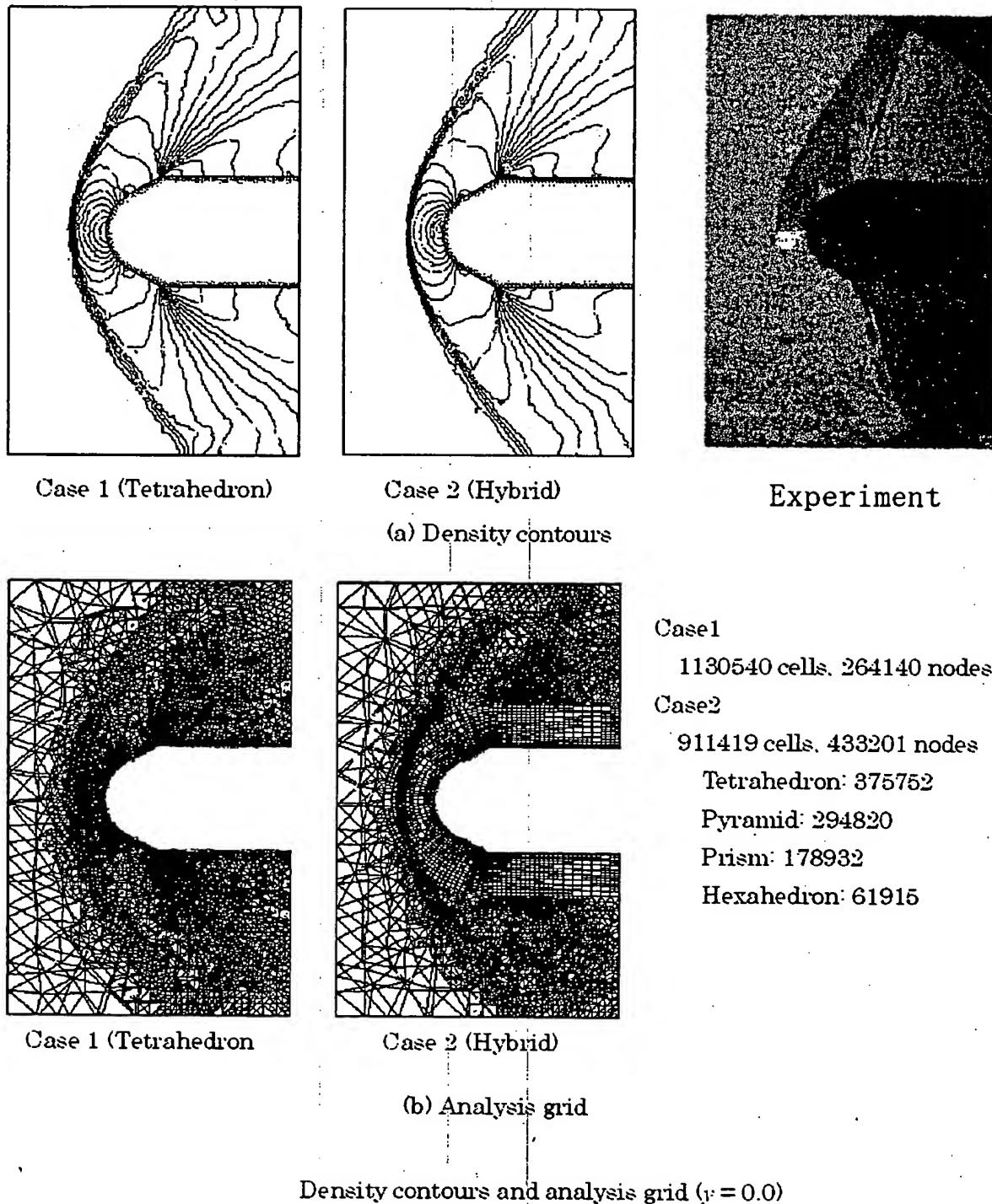
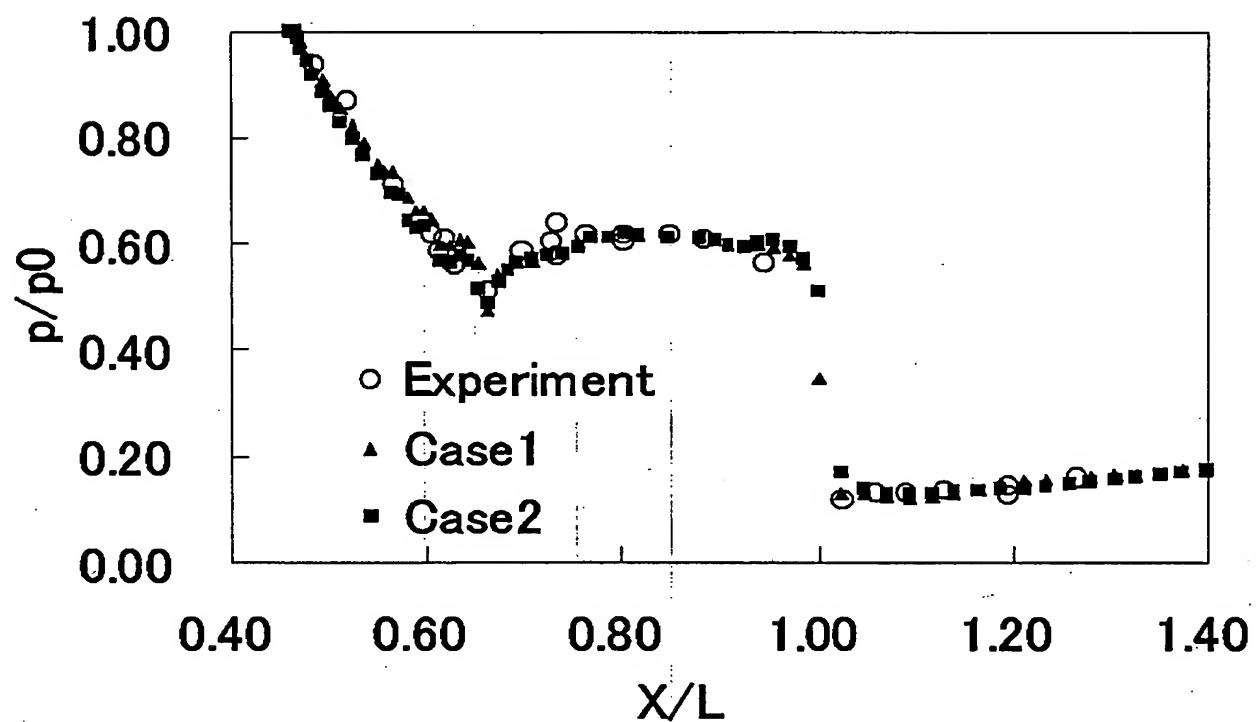
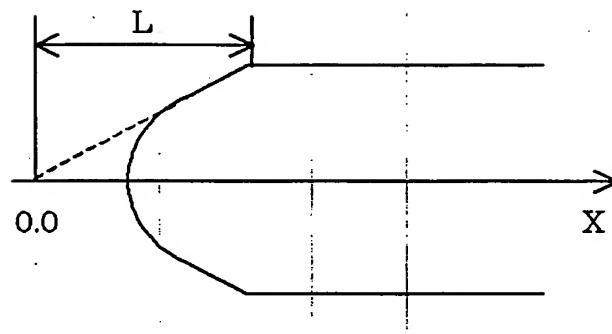


Figure 16



Pressure distributions on the spherically blunted cone-cylinder

(Comparison between the present and experiment)